

AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

THE TELEGRAPH SYSTEM OF PANAMA.

News Received at the Washington Bureau to July 12th.

New Postal Tariff by the Uruguayan Congress—Reorganization of Chilean Currency—Reduction of Salaries in Mexico.

Advices to the Bureau of the American Republics from Montevideo state that a new law of postal tariff reform has been passed by the Uruguayan congress and promulgated as being in force. The changes do not affect correspondence with foreign countries, the rates being already fixed by international treaties. Under the new rates postal matter for the interior of the republic will pay the following: Letters, 5 cents for each 15 grammes, about 1/2 ounce, or fraction thereof (the extra fee formerly charged for delivery being abolished). Reply postal card, 4 cents. Letter card, 3 cents. Open postal cards, 2 cents. For letters intended for local delivery within the radius of the post office where they are posted, 2 cents for each 15 grammes, about 1/2 ounce. Business circulars, samples and articles without commercial value, 1 cent for each 50 grammes (1 1/2 ounces). Printed matter, papers, etc., whether bound or unbound, 1 cent for each 100 grammes, 3/4 ounce, or fraction thereof, whether the addressee is within or without the radius of postal delivery. Subscription to boxes at the post office, \$12 per year, or \$6 for six months or less, to be prepaid in postage stamps to be affixed to the card and cancelled by the postmaster of the district. "After hours" letters to pay double tariff; printed matter, samples, etc., will not be received after hours. Postal orders will be issued at the following rates: 10 cents for sums under \$11, 20 cents under \$21, and 10 cents per each \$10 up to \$101, after that 50 cents per \$100 for sums from \$101 to \$1001, and 25 cents per \$100 for sums over \$1001. Parcels under 5 kilograms, 45-5 pounds, 30 cents; over 5 and under 11 kilograms, 11 pounds, 50 cents; and in addition, a registration fee of 15 cents for each parcel.

Information has been received by the Bureau of American Republics that the telegraph system of the Isthmus of Panama is being rapidly extended. Communication has been established between the city of Panama and Capira, and it is expected that by the end of the year, the service through to Chiriqui will be working. When the line shall have been completed to Chiriqui, on the western limits of the state of Panama, only an unimportant connection will be needed to unite with the service already in operation in Costa Rica. When this is done, communication will have been established between the city of Panama and the capitals and principal towns of the Central American states.

According to information received by the Bureau of American Republics Mr. James P. Porteus has obtained from the Mexican government a concession for colonization purposes, of 750,000 acres in the northern part of the states of Veracruz, Puebla and Hidalgo. It is said to be the intention of Mr. Porteus to sell the lands in 1/10 suit colonies, and to endeavor to obtain emigrants from the United States and England. Arrangements are said to have been made to put a number of American and English families upon the property at once. The cultivation of coffee is expected to be the chief industry.

The Bureau of American Republics is informed that the Chilean congress has passed the act for reorganizing the currency, and that having received the sanction of the council of state, the act has now become a law. The act provides that the paper money shall be redeemed from December 31, 1893, in the new money to be coined under the act of November 25, 1892, at the equivalent value of a silver dollar of 25 grams in weight and nine-tenths fine. The paper money may, however, be redeemed from the 1st of July, 1893, in the money to be coined under the act of November 25, 1892, or in other words at the rate of 24 pence per dollar. The holders of paper money, therefore, will have the option of redeeming their notes at 24 pence, or in the silver dollar of 25 grams and nine-tenths fine. The paper money will cease to be legal tender after the 1st of July, 1896. To prepare for the new coinage provided for by the act of November 25, 1892, the silver acquired by the state under the act of March 14, 1877, the gold received in payments of duty and storage; and up to one million and a half pounds sterling of the proceeds of the trade of government nitrate properties are to be maintained in deposit in the treasury. From December 31, 1895, until July 1st, 1896, the banks must maintain in gold specie or bullion a reserve fund of 20 per cent. of the paper money in use. The paper money redeemed by the state is to be burned. Half of the 50 per cent. of the duties payable in gold under the act of November 25, 1892, in the years 1894 and 1895, shall be paid in the equivalent value of paper money, and the portion of import duties and storage required to be paid in gold may be paid in gold bills on London up to December 31, 1894. "Whatever diversity of opinion may exist with respect to the new act," says the Chilean Times, "it must be admitted that it is an improvement on the one that preceded it. In one respect, however, both acts are alike. They aim in the first line at the redemption of the paper money and the resumption of specie payments. They differ only in the means of accomplishing these ends." The Chilean Times adds that the government and the country are too far committed to

this policy for it to be possible for them to turn back.

The Bureau of American Republics learns that the Mexican government finds it expedient, in view of decreased revenue from imports, to reduce government salaries, and a decree has been issued by the president providing that from July 1st to December 1st of this year, the salaries of all government employees shall suffer the following discounts: Those up to \$602.25 per annum, 5 per cent. Those between \$602.25 and \$1000.10, a discount of 7 1/2 per cent. Those above \$1000.10, 10 per cent. A like discount will be made in the wages paid to the soldiers. The deductions fixed in this decree are not to be considered in the nature of a tax, but merely a provisional deduction for the remainder of the year. After January 1, 1894, each employee of the nation who has suffered said deduction can demand a settlement from the general treasury; and the amount due him through such deductions will be paid him in bonds of the interior consolidated debt, with their respective coupons bearing 3 per cent. interest.

The Extra Session.

In an interview with Col. John W. Fomey, formerly clerk of the house of representatives, he is reported to have said, in answer to these questions:

"How long do you think the extra session will last, and do you believe it will run right along into the regular one?" "I don't think there is any doubt of its continuing right along, and as late as eleven months hence. Besides the money question, the tariff will be overhauled, and to my mind there is infinitely more danger in this than in all the fight between gold and silver." "Do you believe the president will recommend any radical changes in the tariff?" "I do not, considering the present financial uneasiness, and he can well afford to take such a position without in the least doing any violence to his past views on this question. I believe, further, that if he would so assure the country it would have the most quieting effect upon it. These are no times for experiments, and especially with our revenue laws, foreign or internal. Settle our finances first and then all things else will easily adjust themselves. The world is waiting to pour its millions of unemployed capital into this country for investments, so the future is all right if we are only wise enough to deal judiciously with the present, and I firmly believe that what congress fails to do, public confidence will make ample amends for."

A Novel Plea for Divorce.

The causes of conjugal infelicity are like the stars in number, but seldom have they been so curious in character as those enumerated by a witness in the divorce court on Saturday.

Witness considered he was the injured party, as the petitioner was continually objecting to the shape of his feet. (Laughter.) He further said that when he had his hair cut it was never done to please the petitioner. (Laughter.) She also used to say his upper lip did not suit her.

She was continually blaming him for leaving out his h's in speaking.

He was not so well up in theological subjects as his wife.

And there was sometimes a divergence of opinion when they were talking about the sermon they had heard.

One is not surprised after this to hear that one of the allegations against the respondent is that he had struck the petitioner with the "Methodist Magazine!"—Westminster Gazette.

A New French Cruiser.

Naval circles are very much interested in a report just received that the French government has authorized the construction of a new and powerful cruiser, which in its main features is a duplicate of the new American warship New York, now approaching completion at Philadelphia. The French ship has been named Le d'Entrecasteaux, and her construction is said to be the result of the recent successful speed trial of the New York. This is the first acknowledgment by a first-class foreign power of the superiority of United States naval construction. In this connection it is noted by naval officers that the United States did not begin the building of its new navy in earnest until 1855, and that in less than ten years its constructors have succeeded in developing a type of warship that is deemed worthy of copying by the old and experienced constructors of the great French navy.—Washington Star.

Ordered an Orthographical Error.

At a restaurant, a gentleman called for "one orthographical error." "We—we don't serve 'em, sir," said the waiter. "Then why do you have them on the bill of fare?" asked the patron.—Youth's Companion.

Best Oil to Still the Waters.

A German physicist, Dr. Koepen, of the Hamburg Marine Observatory, says that train oil is the best wave-stiller. Petroleum is of no use in the matter. Rape seed oil and oil of turpentine are good.

MONSTERS OF THE DEEP.

Hideous Creatures Found at the Bottom of the Pacific Ocean.

The survey of a lane 300 miles wide over the floor of the Pacific ocean between the coast of California and the Hawaiian islands has been one of the most interesting scientific tasks ever undertaken by the government. Up to date nothing has been allowed to be published respecting the results obtained. The purpose of the work was to determine the best route for a submarine cable. Two lines of soundings were run by the United States fish commission's steamer Albatross from Monterey bay to Honolulu. This path has been decided on as preferable to a road connecting Point Conception, Cal., and Hilo Bay, Hawaii, which was laid out with soundings by the steamer Thetis, U. S. N. The way selected will require the smallest length of wire. It will pass over an even bottom of soil favorable for the protection and preservation of the cable, avoiding submarine mountains.

Incidentally to the soundings, observations were made of the bottom temperature. Below half a mile in depth the water of the ocean is intensely cold, remaining both winter and summer at a point only slightly above freezing. The contents of a trawl hauled up from the floor of the sea at the equator will be found to contain mud and ooze that is nearly freezing. All of the life in the vast waste of waters called the Pacific is either near the surface or at the bottom. The abyssal fishes cannot live except under the enormous pressure of water—amounting to over two tons to the square inch at three miles down—to which they are subject. In order that they may be able to endure this the tissues of their bodies, and even their bones, are very loose in texture. Though solid enough under the conditions to which they are accustomed, they are soft and pulpy when dragged up to the open air. Their eyes protrude, and sometimes they actually burst open.

Such fierce carnivorous fishes as exist in the depth of the ocean are unknown at the surface. There is the "black swallower," which devours other finny creatures ten times as big as itself, literally climbing over its victim, first with one jaw and then with the other. Another species is nearly all mouth, and having almost no power of locomotion, it lives buried in the soft ooze at the bottom, its head alone protruding ready to engulf any prey that may wander into its cavernous jaws. There is a ferocious kind of shark resembling a huge eel. All of these abyssal monsters are black as ink. Some of them are perfectly blind, while others have enormous goggling eyes. No ray of sunlight ever pierces the dark unfathomed caves in which they dwell. Each species is gobbled up by the species next bigger, for there is no vegetable life to feed on.

The surface of the grayish ooze, over which the cable will run, is an interminable desert where nothing grows. There being no sunlight to support vegetable life, not a blade or sprout of any sort of vegetation is to be discovered—not even a seaweed. Here and there are creatures called "crinoids," which counterfeit plants in their appearance, with waving stems and what looks like flowers, but are not such. Also there are sea worms, which live in tubes and resemble the most brilliant blossoms. Spiny sea urchins are plentiful, and over the bottom are crawling shrimp like crustaceans of bright scarlet and vivid orange hues, some of them of great size. There are numerous species of mollusks as well. They and the crustaceans, when hauled to the surface, are so disorganized by the removal of the pressure to which they have been accustomed, as to look as if they had been boiled.

The ocean floor across which the cable will be laid is fairly well populated with living species, most of which are unknown to science at present. This remark especially applies to the larger fishes, which could not be fetched up with the trawl. Some day perhaps a more effective method will be devised for capturing them. Nobody can tell what monsters and chimeras dire may inhabit the abyssal regions of the Pacific. It was only a few years ago that Captain Geo. Hope of H. M. S. Fly saw an extraordinary creature in the gulf of California. The sea being perfectly calm and of a glass like transparency he beheld swimming down the bottom a few fathoms down an enormous animal with the head and general figure of an alligator except that its neck was vastly longer and instead of legs it had four flappers like a turtle. It appeared to be pursuing some prey and moved in a serpentine fashion. The description given in all respects fitted the extinct plesiosaurus so exactly that some naturalists were confident that it must have been a surviving specimen of that mighty reptile.—Troy Budget.

Letterheads, billheads, receipt books, shipping receipts and commercial printing at the GAZETTE Office.

New Advertisements.

"German Syrup"

J. C. Davis, Rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, Eufaula, Ala.: "My son has been badly afflicted with a fearful and threatening cough for several months, and after trying several prescriptions from physicians which failed to relieve him, he has been perfectly restored by the use of two bottles of Boscche's German Syrup. I can recommend it without hesitation." Chronic severe, deep-seated coughs like this are as severe tests as a remedy can be subjected to. It is for these long-standing cases that Boscche's German Syrup is made a specialty. Many others afflicted as this lad was, will do well to make a note of this.

J. F. Arnold, Montevideo, Minn., writes: I always use German Syrup for a Cold on the Lungs. I have never found an equal to it—far less a superior. G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'fr, Woodbury, N.J.

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the dainty little STRAWBERRY FORKS in sterling

silver at H. F. WICHMAN'S?

Do you know that

they are absolutely the

CORRECT THING, and that even

a poor berry will taste

sweet if eaten with one

of these little implements?

Do you know that we

have lots of new and striking

Goods in every line?

Don't forget that we have

THE ONLY LINE OF

Fine

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in the city, and that we can

suit your tastes in color

and quality at moderate cost.

H. F. WICHMAN,

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DO YOU FEED THE BABY?

The Skin needs food. If the complexion is sallow, rough, scaly, pimply, it is because it is not fed with LOLA MONTEZ CREME. The Skin Food and Tissue Builder, positively the only SAFE and RELIABLE article for the complexion. Absolutely harmless, opens the pores, increases the natural and necessary secretions of the skin. Restores the flesh to firm healthy state of youth. Prevents wrinkles. Good for burns, chapped lips and hands. "Pot" lasts three months. PRICE 75 CENTS. Ask your druggist for it.

HOW CAN YOU TOLERATE

Freckles, Pimples, Blackheads, Yellow or muddy Skin, mouth Wrinkles or any form of facial disfigurement when Mrs. NETTIE HARRISON guarantees to cure you. Don't consider your case a hopeless one.

Mrs. Harrison treats ladies for all defects of face and figure. The permanent removal of superfluous hair guaranteed. America's Beauty Doctor. 26 Geary Street, San Francisco, Cal. For sale by HOLLISTER & CO., Druggists, 109 Fort St., Honolulu. 3406-tf

Send a copy of this week's HAWAIIAN GAZETTE with your foreign letter.

New Advertisements.

The Remnant Sale

Ribbons, Laces, Embroidery,

Ginghams, Swisses, Lawns,

Wool Dress Goods,

Plain and Figured Silk

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20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT!

Lace Curtain Nett, by the yard.

Nottingham Lace Curtains.

Embroidered Lace Curtains.

Antique Lace, Scrim Curtains.

20 Per Cent. Discount

Will be allowed on all purchases of the above mentioned Articles during this week.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES

AT THE FAMOUS STORE OF

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Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Caps. Irish Pett, Antique and Madras Curtains. Chenille Portieres with fringes from \$6.50 a pair upwards. Smyrna Rugs in all sizes from \$2 upwards. Knotted Swiss, Silkaline and Dimity in great variety. Cashmere Sublimes at 20 cents a yard; one of the hand-somest wash material this season, entirely new and for the price has no equal.

White Lawn in plain, striped and checked.

Dressmaking Under the Management of Mrs. Renner

FACTORY PRICES.

Having Placed Our Orders for Large Lines Goods Shortly to Arrive, we Must Make Room for Same.

We Offer Some Startling Bargains in Staple Stationery as follows:

GOOD QUALITY PENCILS—rubber tipped, at 15 cents a dozen; note size, VERNETIAN LINEN Tablets, 15 cents, 2 for 25 cents; Letter Tablets, good quality, 15 cents, former price 25 cents; PHOTO PAPER, cabinet sizes, new, 50 cents, 3 for \$1; Composition Books, size 7x8 1/2, good quality, 50 cents a dozen; NOTE PAPER, 1/4 ream packages, special line, 25 cents; ENVELOPES, white, good quality, per box 500, only 75 cents; PEN HOLDERS, suitable for school use, 15 cents a dozen.

NOTICE—In consequence of cutting prices, we cannot allow any discount to the trade on above lines.

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Everything to be found in a first-class Music Store; over 25,000 pieces sheet Music to select from. Our prices will be found the lowest and goods the best. SPECIAL DISCOUNT allowed to Teachers, Schools and Clergymen. Send or write for catalogues and discounts.

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J. & C. Fischer, Everitt & Schiller PIANOS; Story and Clark and Chicago Cottage ORGANS; YOST TYPE-WRITER, DENSMORE TYPE-WRITER, the two best writing Machines in the world.

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We will soon issue a catalogue of Papers, Ribbons, etc., for all makes of Machines. Parties desiring a copy, can have same mailed to their address by leaving name at our office. This catalogue will be found very useful to Type-writers generally.

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The Daily Advertiser

50 CENTS PER MONTH,

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Extensive improvements have recently been made at this popular resort and the management announces a re-opening on

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DANCING PAVILION

Has been erected for the accommodation of Bathing and Dancing Parties, and with the new and increased accommodations in

The Ladies Bathing Department!

Unusual facilities are offered to Ladies and Children.

A full assortment of New Bathing Suits just received. 3423-1m

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THE ARMORY, BERETANIA ST.,

Wooten & Bromley, - Proprietors

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Cushion Tire Safeties and Tandems

FOR RENT

By the day or hour. Riding lessons given day or evening.

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

American Rambler Safeties

Fitted with Elliptic sprockets and G. & J. corrugated air tube tires. These tires can be fitted to any pneumatic safety, they are practically puncture proof, do not slip on wet roads, and are very fast. Any desired gear can be furnished with these wheels from No. 56 to 80.

While on my Rambler wheel I'm seated, And up the street, I swiftly glide, They say discussion, grows quite heated To know what wheel that man doth ride; And when my wheel I let them try, They exclaim with look intent This is the wheel we'll surely buy If we don't lay up a cent.

All Kinds of Bicycle Repairing Done

at short notice and at reasonable prices. All work guaranteed. Work from the other islands attended to and returned promptly.

— A FULL LINE OF —

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Also, Lamps, Bells, Whistles, Bundle Carriers, Lubricating Oil, Illuminating Oil, Bicycle Enamel, Trouser Guards and rubber cement for mending leaky tires.

Bicycles Enameled

And small parts Nickel plated.

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Another Invoice of the celebrated

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Lager Beer

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FOR OYSTER COCKTAILS

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